WESTERN D	D STATES DISTRICT COURT
CHARLOT	TTESVILLE DIVISION
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DILLININ FI. CILIFORL,	July 17, 2020
Plaintiff,	Charlottesville - Teleconferenc Motions Hearing
VS.	
ALEXANDER E. JONES, et al,	Before: HONORABLE JOEL C. HOPPE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
Defendants.	WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA
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(Proceedings commenced 1:04 p.m.)
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                THE COURT: Hi, good afternoon. Who is on the line
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      for the plaintiff, Mr. Gilmore?
                MR. GRAVES: Good afternoon. Your Honor, this is
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      Anwar Graves on behalf of plaintiff, Brennan Gilmore. I'm
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      joined by my colleague, Hassen Amir Sayeed.
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                MR. SAYEED: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
                THE COURT: All right. Good afternoon.
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                MR. MENDRALA: You've also got Andrew Mendrala of
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      Cohen Milstein Sellers & Toll for Mr. Gilmore.
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                MS. GOROD: Good afternoon. You've also got Brianne
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      Gorod from the Constitutional Accountability Center for
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      Mr. Gilmore.
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                MR. PHATAK: And also Ashwin Phatak from the
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      Constitutional Accountability Center.
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                THE COURT: All right, thank you. Good afternoon to
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      all of you.
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                And then -- all right, let's see. How about is
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      Mr. Stranahan on the phone?
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                MR. STRANAHAN: Yes, Your Honor. This is Lee
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      Stranahan representing myself in this matter.
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                THE COURT: Okay, all right. Good afternoon.
                Let's see, and then for Mr. Walker, are you on the
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      line for a number of defendants?
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                MR. WALKER: Yes, that's a good way to put it.
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I will also just give you a heads up. 1 I am experiencing currently a medical issue that might require me 2 3 to, frankly, run to the restroom. It's embarrassing to have to admit that. But what I propose to do if, God forbid, that 4 happens, is I will mute my phone so you guys do not have to 5 hear any of that but take the phone with me and try to follow 6 7 along as best as I can. And otherwise, you know, hopefully it won't even be an issue, but I wanted to address that very 8 quickly. 9 THE COURT: Okay. Well, just let me know if you 10 need to leave or mute the phone if you are participating and 11 just -- just say so, and then just let me know when you're 12 13 coming back, okay? MR. WALKER: Okay, I appreciate that. And I -- I'm 14 deeply sorry that's occurring. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I'm sorry -- sorry for you 16 as well. 17 All right. And then how about for -- it's Free 18 Speech Systems and Infowars. 19 MS. SCULLY: Yes, Your Honor. On behalf of the Free 20 Speech Systems defendant parties, Elizabeth Scully with 21 22 BakerHostetler, and Evan Mayo is also on the line on behalf of those parties, but I'll let him speak up. 23 Thanks, Elizabeth. Yes, Evan Mayo on MR. MAYO: 24 25 behalf of the Free Speech defendants for local counsel,

Tremblay & Smith. 1 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, good afternoon 2 3 to you-all as well. And is there anyone else on the line for any of the 4 parties? 5 All right. Well, thanks for calling in. 6 7 purpose of today's hearing is to take up the plaintiff's motion to compel regarding Mr. Stranahan. And then the 8 plaintiff had also indicated that there were a number of other 9 discovery issues involving the other defendants as well. 10 I'd like to take those up, too. 11 Perhaps, given Mr. Walker's medical issues, we 12 13 can -- we can take up any issues related to discovery for his clients first. What do you-all think about that? 14 And Mr. Graves, are you going to be -- are you going 15 to be addressing the plaintiff's arguments? 16 MR. GRAVES: Yes, I will, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Mr. Walker and 18 Mr. Graves, do you want to go -- do you-all want to proceed 19 first then? 20 MR. GRAVES: Sure. 21 22 MR. WALKER: This wasn't noticed, but that's fine. I can talk about whatever is going on. That's fine. 23 THE COURT: Okay. All right. And, you know, what 24 25 I -- other than the motion to compel for the other defendants,

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I really want to hear what each side's positions are and see if we can -- see if we can resolve some of these disputes informally today without having to resort to motions practice. And really, the idea behind that is just to try and deal with the discovery disputes efficiently.

If there's some need to brief the issues, you know, if they are a little bit more detailed or complex, then you-all -- I'll certainly allow you-all to do that. But let's see if we can -- what we can get accomplished today, okay?

Mr. Graves, do you want to go ahead then?

MR. GRAVES: Yes, Your Honor. So in regards to Mr. Walker, the reason why we raised this issue is because Mr. Walker has been completely unresponsive to our request. Specifically, we have not heard from him since we reviewed discovery responses which were deficient, in our view, on the 18th. Once we received his discovery responses on May 18, we sent him letters on June 8, June 12, and June 22. And we sent these letters for various reasons.

First, Mr. Walker represents a number of defendants in this matter, but he has only produced a total of 30 documents in relation to those defendants. And when he made such a production notice where he failed to Bates stamp that production, so, therefore, there was no way for us to identify or label them in a sufficient manner according to the federal rules.

Furthermore, there was insufficient search terms for the defendants represented by Mr. Walker. He failed to respond to our request that he search his defendants', or his clients', materials using a comprehensive list of search terms that we provided him with, and most of the documents that he produced appears to have no relevance to this case. For instance, of the 30 documents that he produced is a texting between Mr. Wilburn and Mr. Wilburn's handyman which have, obviously, no relevance or reference to anything related to this litigation.

And he also has failed to produce documents related to his clients Michele Hickford and Words-N-Ideas, LLC. He previously advised us that these documents contained Malware, or, in other words, that they would be harmful to our computers if we downloaded them. So we provided him with instructions to receive those documents safely, but we again have yet to hear from him.

Other defendants, in our correspondence with them, have confirmed that they have not received any copies of Mr. Walker's discovery responses that he's provided to us and were specifically made up of what we believe to be deficient interrogatory responses and 30 responsive -- or not even responsive documents.

Our last request to him was to confirm whether a certain video that contains defamatory or allegedly defamatory

statements regarding our client is in his possession. Or, alternatively, if he would stipulate to the authenticity of the video, or a copy of the video, that we were able to locate online. He's failed to respond to that letter as well.

So in sum, we have attempted to try to resolve these issues with him in order to not bring this issue to the Court's attention, but we, frankly, have been with silence.

And we find that to be surprising because we have notice that he has been active on social media, and so we are confused as to why he has not been responding to us in our request.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Walker, what's your response?

MR. WALKER: I have been very sick, and I've been bedridden a lot of times that allows me, yes, to go on Twitter, but it doesn't allow me to go through multiple letters and all that. I apologize for that situation. It is not a desire to obstruct them. It is just -- you know, the -- the mind is willing but the body is weak at the moment, as even intruding into this hearing, and, again, I apologize for that situation. But I have had this sinus infection for quite some time. It has made they very dizzy all the time. It may, frankly, be interacting with some heart medication that has that as a side effect. But as in not -- like as in it doesn't do it by itself, but it may be causing it in conjunction with something else. I say this not as a medical doctor, but

speaking to my doctor he does think that's possible. I have talked to him about cutting back on the medication or going off of it, and he doesn't recommend that at the moment. So I apologize for the lack of response.

You know, one specific thing they mentioned whether or not they had the videos, they are talking about Scott Creighton's video that's referred to in the complaint. I presume we're talking about the same thing. Then he does actually have a copy of that. We probably -- you know, as long as I have a chance to look at it, we probably will stipulate to the accuracy of whatever they have as well.

Like I -- so it's not a matter of not wanting to, you know, cooperate or -- but rather instead that, you know, just frankly, I wasn't able to physically. I was having physical issues.

The other thing to note, they claim that, you know, there was only something like 30 documents. There will be more when I provide the Words-N-Ideas of Michele Hickford. The thing to understand is none of these people produced a great deal of documents related to any of this stuff. These people are mostly just doing their own thing. They were not constantly being monitored by super (technology drop) where they had this long process, you know, everybody goes through. They just simply write what they want, and, you know, in the case of Mr. Hoth and Mr. Creighton, they either hit publish or

they don't if they're happy. In the case of Mr. Wilburn, who does have an approval process, but it's not massively involved and it doesn't generate a lot of paperwork. So as I said at the beginning, I didn't expect us to produce very many documents, and that continues to be true. Having looked to their information, I don't believe there's many documents that are responsive period.

But again, I do apologize to the extent that I haven't been as responsive as, frankly, they deserve. But,

haven't been as responsive as, frankly, they deserve. But, you know, again, I have been very ill for the last couple months and it has made it very difficult to even get out of bed or to get out of my chair once I get down to the living room, et cetera. It has been very debilitating. I am going to try to see the doctor, frankly, either this afternoon or next week and try to say we need to do something. This cannot go on like this. But that's all I can respond to on that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Well, so Mr. Walker, with the video for Scott Creighton, he has the video?

MR. WALKER: Yeah.

THE COURT: And really the only issue is whether you'll stipulate to the authenticity?

MR. WALKER: Well, I haven't had a chance to, but I don't expect that to -- bluntly, Mr. Graves seems to be a reasonably honorable person. I would be very surprised if

there was anything hanky going on there, him using something that was inauthentic. So, you know, I have a high degree of confidence I can agree with it, but I always check before I say yes.

THE COURT: Okay. And for Hickford and

THE COURT: Okay. And for Hickford and Words-N-Ideas you have additional documents that you're planning on --

MR. WALKER: Yeah, the -- I'm sorry, I didn't go over this. The problem was that it was marked as having potentially Malware, and hopefully the company that was cleaning it out, you know, did finish cleaning it out. When I can get it to them, I will get it to them. But I will -- I mean, it will be -- it will probably be the biggest packet of documents, but that might mean 60 documents at most from them.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. WALKER: As I said at the beginning, I would be very surprised if we had more than a hundred documents produced by all of my defendants. They are just not the kinds of people who produce a lot of paperwork --

THE COURT: Okay. And --

MR. WALKER: -- when they do this sort of thing.

THE COURT: There's a company that's trying to clean out the Malware?

MR. WALKER: Yeah, when we -- I contracted for electronic discovery I came to them and said, look, we have a

Malware problem, can you guys do something. They said they can clean out the Malware issue. So, I mean --

THE COURT: Do you have any information from that company about when they are going to finish?

MR. WALKER: They may very well be finished. Hopefully they are.

THE COURT: All right. And then, let's see, as to Creighton and Wilburn and Hoth, I think Mr. Graves indicated that a lot of the documents seemed like they were -- they were just irrelevant and had a question about whether the search terms were used?

MR. WALKER: Yeah, I can run additional search terms for them as long as they are reasonable. I mean, if they want me to search for the word "the", that's obviously not reasonable, but if it's reasonably targeted toward this I will search for that and produce whatever I think is relevant.

I certainly took the attitude when producing documents of if I'm not sure if it's relevant I would err towards disclosing more. And, I mean, because, after all, I knew I wasn't going to be giving them a massive pile of documents anyway. This wasn't one of those situations where they get 12 boxes full of paper or -- you know, like often happens with large corporations. This was again, you know, more like a large envelope. And so it -- I figured it wouldn't bother them too much to have a couple documents that

they don't truly care about, but I -- you know, I did produce -- you know, so I threw a wider net to be more accommodating toward them.

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THE COURT: And were there some search terms that the plaintiff provided to you earlier that you used?

MR. WALKER: I may have missed it. I am -- I'll go back to my email. And, certainly, if they have any search terms -- you know, like I said, as long as they are reasonable, I don't object, you know. I mean, as long -- you know, as long as it's not so generic it will turn up everything (indiscernible) sun, but, you know, something that's reasonably targeted toward, you know, the events that happened. But, I mean, I -- what I did, Your Honor, just FYI, was I went through literally everything they wrote the day before the incident, the day (indiscernible) incident to see, you know, what -- what were they even talking about. Because often you might get hits that wouldn't be necessarily obvious, you know what I'm sayin'? It may not hit any search term. But also to see how they talk about these things. You know, maybe they would call Charlottesville "C-ville," maybe they -who knows, you know. And the answer was, was they barely talked about it at all, any of them. It was not a huge deal to them one way or the other.

But I went through that, you know, for those two reasons, just because that's the most focused day and to see

how they discussed the events, the plaintiff, you know,

Mr. Fields, et cetera, and in order to determine, you know,

how they did that. Then I started going through, you know,

various search terms which I disclosed to them when providing

the actual documents themselves.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, Mr. Graves, you-all did provide some search terms to Mr. Walker?

MR. GRAVES: Yes, provided search terms to all defendants I want to say in March or April of this year. We asked Mr. Walker if he would apply those terms. He responded to that email advising that he didn't believe that those terms were (indiscernible) and he provided us with his list that he would be applying. And the issue is we've seen the result of that list where we've seen 30 documents, again, one conversation with the handyman for some reason was a part of that.

But I think we're probably -- one thing that I think Mr. Walker has shown throughout this is that there is substantial amount of work to be done, and our concern is that the proposed scheduling order has that discovery closing on August 31, and I don't see how we can -- with the current schedule we can actually meet the deadline if Mr. Walker is just now beginning to endeavor to, one, apply search terms to address the Malware issue and the other issues that we -- I raised earlier.

THE COURT: All right. Well, it sounds like the Malware issues may be resolved. Mr. Walker is not sure about that.

MR. WALKER: I can't guarantee, but I feel a high degree of confidence it's probably resolved and I just need to turn it over when I can.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I do want to get this moving. And Mr. Walker, I am sensitive to the fact that you've been ill and that that has had some impact on your ability to --

MR. WALKER: Yeah. And I apologize to all of you, including Mr. Graves. And I've said to him whatever is -- you know, whatever he wants reasonably to avoid any prejudice, you know, I'm not here to try to win an unfair fight. You know, I will vigorously defend my client, but I'm not here to obstruct this process. And I think I said to him, and certainly the thought is, is one of the best curatives is time, you know. Certainly, if they are butting up against a deadline because of my problems, then the solution seems pretty obvious to me.

And again, I -- I apologize again for this situation. And then just honestly dealing with the Coronavirus fallout has been like nothing I've ever seen in my life. I think we'd have to live to 1918 to maybe see something comparable. But anyway, I'll let this -- let you move on to the next thing, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Well, what I do want to do on this is I'll do a short order on it, but for -- as far as the video of Scott Creighton and then the documents that may have been infected with Malware that are with the company, it sounds like those -- it wouldn't take a whole lot of time to be able to tie those -- those things up. So I do want you to -- I'm going to ask that you respond within 14 days about whether you'll stipulate on the video from Mr. Creighton and then --

MR. WALKER: Okay.

THE COURT: And then for the documents from Words-N-Ideas and Hickford also within -- within 14 days. Because it sounds like if the documents are restored, then it shouldn't be -- and you said there aren't a lot of them anyway. It should not be onerous to produce those.

MR. WALKER: Okay.

THE COURT: As far as -- let's see, the -- there may be additional documents from Creighton, Wilburn, and Hoth. It sounds like you-all have not agreed on search terms yet, so what I would want you to do is to -- Mr. Walker and Mr. Graves for you-all to confer within seven days and reach an agreement on search terms. If you can't do that within -- within the week, I want you to contact Ms. Dotson and set up another conference call with me and we'll get those finalized. And then --

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MR. WALKER: I feel a high degree of confidence we can work something out, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. I think so, too. And then, Mr. Walker, I'll give you one -- I'll give you 21 days from the entry of the order. So, essentially, it will be, you know, another two weeks or so after you-all are required to reach an agreement on the search terms to -- to produce any documents that would fall under those -- those search terms. MR. WALKER: Okay. I appreciate your accommodation, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. I think that --MR. GRAVES: One thing I was going to say, Your Honor, is we did send letters to Mr. Walker regarding his interrogatory responses as well. So as part of that seven-day meet-and-confer process, we would ask that Mr. Walker would also have responses to those objections that we -- you know, issues that we raised in that letter regarding the responses. THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Walker, what I was

THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Walker, what I was intending to do on the deficiency letters is that I would want you to -- and Mr. Graves, did they -- did they, essentially, say the same thing?

MR. GRAVES: No.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. GRAVES: They raised up -- there are three 1 letters, the 8th, the 12th, and the 22nd of June. 2 3 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Walker, I would want you to respond to -- to those within 14 days as well so you-all 4 know what each person's position is, okay? 5 MR. WALKER: Okay. 6 7 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Graves, is there anything else for Mr. Walker's clients? 8 MR. GRAVES: No, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Okay. All right. 10 Then why don't we move on to Mr. Stranahan and the 11 motion to compel. 12 MR. GRAVES: Sure. 13 THE COURT: And Mr. Graves, I reviewed the -- your 14 motion and the documents that you've attached to it. And are 15 there any updates for that? Have you and Mr. Stranahan 16 conferred any further, or any changes at this point? 17 MR. GRAVES: No, Your Honor. 18 MR. STRANAHAN: Yes, no, Your Honor. This is 19 Mr. Stranahan. No, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: All right. Well, Mr. Stranahan, are you 21 22 opposing the motion to compel? I mean, do you acknowledge that you need to provide additional responses on the -- or 23 supplemental responses on the interrogatories and produce 24 25 documents?

MR. STRANAHAN: Yes. So if I may, Your Honor, first off, I would -- I would like to be able to have at some point a -- and if we can arrange this with Ms. Dotson, I would appreciate it -- a brief conference with you on how I ended up becoming pro se in this. But let me point out that the -- that me being pro se in this is a factor in that there are -- I would -- I would divide the slowness in responses on some of the issues into two categories:

One are things that I've simply been overwhelmed with, a combination of a move, losing a job, a divorce situation where I've saw my children for the first time in six months about three days ago, and that is about to be over.

I'm almost -- by the end of the month, I will be completely moved up to South Dakota. I'm partially moved now. I'll be going back to Virginia in a week. So some of the issues are simply that bit of overwhelm which is about to be over because I'm almost settled here.

And but the other side of the issues from reading the motion -- and again, I'm not an attorney and not trying to be one. It seems that the -- Mr. Gilmore's counsel's objections relate to me going along basically with what the Free Speech Systems (technology skip), and there's a very specific reason I'm doing that. (Technology drop.)

THE COURT: Mr. Stranahan, you've cut out. I can't hear anything that you're -- that you're saying if you're

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still talking.

MR. STRANAHAN: Sure. Yeah, okay. Let me just go back. Where did you lose me, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You said there's -- as to the other defendants' response there's very specific reason why, and then you cut off.

MR. STRANAHAN: Yes, okay. It's -- it's because my case seems to me to be bound somewhat to the case specifically of Free Speech Systems, Lee Ann McAdoo, and to a lesser extent Alex Jones is named there, and that's because I was on the Alex Jones show when I made certain statements. Many parts of Lee Ann McAdoo -- in fact, almost all of them -- overlap with mine.

And when I read the responses from Baker, from Free Speech Systems' counsel, they were making specific claims about why they felt, for instance, the period of time for the search should be limited. And again, I'm not an attorney, but it seemed to me that, based on my reading of that, it would be a mistake for me to go against what Baker was doing. And, in other words, for me to decide on my own, well, I'm just going to give them everything from every day, and that I -- what I would prefer to do is let that issue be adjudicated, which I assume would be for -- for both Baker and I, for both Free Speech Systems and I.

And so that's why on those -- the things that aren't

in dispute that I simply haven't produced yet I should be able to produce within two or three weeks, something like that, with no problem.

Then the other issues are related to --

MR. WALKER: Your Honor, I'm sorry to interject.

I'm going to have to excuse myself for a moment and mute the phone.

THE COURT: That's fine, Mr. Walker.

MR. WALKER: And I will try to follow along, as I mentioned, but I just -- sorry to interject.

THE COURT: Sure, that's fine.

Mr. Stranahan, what -- what are you proposing to produce?

MR. STRANAHAN: Everything that is not disputed. In other words, all of the material where there is no date dispute, for instance, on a number of -- on, you know, my response. Again, I -- I was very clearly following Free Speech Systems' response, and opposing counsel is aware that I told them I'd be doing that. So all of the search terms and everything else, I can produce those, no problem. And again, I would -- you know, I would ask for whatever you'll give me, two or three weeks, but something reasonable based on what you just said to Mr. Walker. It sounds like we're in that ballpark.

THE COURT: All right. So documents that would be

responsive to their request for production and that you are to 1 use the search terms that -- have you agreed with some search 2 terms with plaintiff's counsel? 3 MR. STRANAHAN: Yes. I believe so, although when I 4 went back and I looked at the document, I was actually -- I 5 didn't -- when I went back and looked at the document, I've 6 7 been able to -- unable to find specific search terms for me. So if Mr. Graves and the other counsel there could refresh me 8 on those, I don't know what happened, but I can't find -- I 9 found a document, but it doesn't seem to list me so I might be 10 missing it. 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 MR. GRAVES: I'm sorry, this is -- do you want me to 13 respond, Your Honor? 14 THE COURT: Sure, yeah. Mr. Graves, can you just 15 weigh in on what's been said so far? 16 MR. GRAVES: Sure. So I -- with regards to search 17 terms, we emailed Mr. Stranahan the list of search terms. 18 They were the same search terms that the Free Speech 19 defendants agreed to. And he responded to our email agreeing 20 to use those search terms. So I believe that -- or I know 21 22 that he is in possession of the fullness of search terms. It's unclear at this point for plaintiff to 23 understand what he's actually agreeing to produce. As 24

Ms. Scully and counsel for Free Speech defendants can advise,

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we've reached certain agreements with them. Certain objections that they have raised that they are no longer raising. And I guess this goes to the core issue which is that Mr. Stranahan is not engaged in an authentic process of reviewing the requests and deciding which objections actually apply to him and which do not.

Specifically, he wrote in his letter to us that, "I agree with your arguments that Free Speech Systems' counsel makes in the letter. To the extent that such arguments apply to me, I agree with them. Some of the arguments do not apply to me, as I am an individual and do not have any real company structure or any employees to speak of."

And so despite acknowledging that some of the arguments made in BakerHostetler's letter does not apply to him, he did not identify what those arguments were, nor did he modify his responses to the extent that the copy/pasted arguments in his own view did not apply to him.

So we're still left in this position of we're not sure where he's objecting, where he's not objecting, because, obviously, conversations with Ms. Scully have preceded and we've reached certain agreements. And frankly, I don't think that's proper for him to proceed, generally speaking, in responding to discovery requests simply copy/pasting from what another attorney has done.

THE COURT: Yeah, Mr. Stranahan, the -- I understand

that you -- you don't want to act inconsistently with what attorneys (indiscernible) the discovery rules require that you respond individually and also specifically to each request and where there's an objection, but you also agree to respond or agree to produce documents notwithstanding the objection. You have to indicate what you're agreeing to produce so that -- so the plaintiffs know what you're agreeing to and what you're

So you really are going to need to rewrite these, your interrogatory, and your request for production of document responses so that -- so that it's clear what your objections are, what you're standing on, and what you're agreeing to produce because it's -- from the way that the responses are written now, it's pretty hard to tell what you're agreeing to do and what you're not.

not agreeing to. It can't be so opaque.

MR. STRANAHAN: Well, if it -- Your Honor, if I may, if it seems opaque to you, it's opaque to me as well because when the motion to compel was filed I literally had to take apart -- you have to understand when I'm saying moving. My wife and older kids basically abandoned the house. I just had my bank accounts shut down. And so when the motion to compel was filed, I'm literally sitting in a house full of stuff that I had to get rid of to come to South Dakota. And so if there are -- and I'm saying this not as an excuse, but as an explanation saying if there are agreements that the counsel

for Free Speech Systems and for Mr. Gilmore have come to, now that the smoke has cleared a little bit in my move, I -- any areas that are agreed to by Free Speech Systems almost certainly I will be agreeing to as well, you know, with just I can say that broadly. And it's literally just been a matter of time.

So what I -- what I would like to do, Your Honor, is just get a little bit -- a reasonable amount of time, whatever you determine that to be, and to be able to comply with these -- these requests.

and for you to understand what agreements may have been reached between Mr. Graves and other defendants, you know, would involve you conferring with Mr. Graves and seeing if you can reach, you know, some sort of an agreement as well. But it's also just important that -- that Mr. Graves is able to tell what you're -- you know, what your objections are and what you're agreeing to produce, you know, as part of that process.

So Mr. Graves, I'm sure that you're -- you're willing to further confer with Mr. Stranahan to try and get this moving forward.

MR. GRAVES: Yes, I'd agree with that, Your Honor.

I think the only caveat is if it still appears that

Mr. Stranahan is looking to simply copy/paste from what

Ms. Scully has provided us with. And that's I think will crux of our objection is that it can't just be a recitation of, well, Ms. Scully said this, so, therefore, I agree. There has to be a genuine authentic process to this, which is I think — I'm not hearing from Mr. Stranahan that that's not going to occur. It seems like it's simply, well, if the Free Speech defendants agreed, I agree, which isn't an authentic approach to the discovery process.

THE COURT: No. And Mr. Stranahan, I am going to require that you revise your discovery responses and state them on your own. I'm not telling you what you can or can't say, but it's going to have to, you know, be your -- your position and not just adopting another party's position, okay?

MR. STRANAHAN: Well, I -- with due respect, Your Honor, I don't -- I actually don't understand Mr. Graves' argument. In other words, he -- again, I will say this:

Mr. Graves and I have had a good relationship so far, and when we've conferred and everything they have always been -- I feel it's been very civil and everything else. But I -- I literally don't understand what he's talking about. I don't understand why I as a layperson cannot look to what a -- what professional lawyers are doing on my own, try to read it -- I could explain it if we went through. I think I could reasonably explain it as a layperson, but I'm not sure is it -- if his objection is to me copying, I'm not sure what --

I'm not sure that's illegal. And if it is, I'm a layperson, so I don't know that.

But if he could suggest another process, I'm open to it. But all I'm hearing is criticism and no -- again, he's not my lawyer, but if someone can give me some guidance on this, like, oh, go do this, I'm more than willing to do it.

Other than that, I'm pursuing the process that -- literally about the only process that makes sense to me. Literally --

THE COURT: And Mr. Stranahan -- and I'm not going to tell you what you should write. That's for you to decide. But I will provide some guidance about -- about where I think your interrogatory answers fall -- fall short. And it's -- for example, in Interrogatory Number 2 that asks that you identify all individuals or entities with knowledge and facts, and the answer is, "Subject to and without waiving foregoing objections, defendant states plaintiff and other defendants likely have knowledge of at least some facts and circumstances." And then the defendants further refer to documents being produced that, you know, another defendant is -- is producing, and then there's a -- you know, there are a number of documents that are identified.

But that -- those are documents that another defendant is producing, so it -- I don't see how that is your response.

MR. STRANAHAN: Well, what I --

THE COURT: And what you have to (technology skip) interrogatory is state specific -- specific facts in response to the interrogatory. And just adopting what another defendant has said, that defendant's -- you know, that defendant's identification of other individuals or entities is -- wouldn't be adequate. I mean, you'd need to say who those individuals -- who those individuals are.

MR. STRANAHAN: Well, on my interrogatories, I -- I have done my -- I have done my best. In other words, if I've made that mistake, I don't even understand the mistake. And it's not your fault, and it's certainly not Mr. Graves fault or anybody else that I'm pro se in this. I simply don't have any other choice. I don't have any means to represent myself. And as I said, I'd like to request a side conference with you to explain why I'm pro se.

But I -- if -- I hear what you're saying, and I've attempted to do that. In fact, in some of the interrogatory -- well, certainly on the initial responses, for instance, I put things in specifically where I was trying to do it. So in our -- if we confer further and Mr. Graves can point those things out, again, not as my attorney -- I understand nobody here is my attorney. But if he can point those out, what I'm saying is I'm completely willing to -- to do that. And if there's something I've done that's a mistake, I'm absolutely willing to correct that mistake, but I can't

correct a mistake that I'm too stupid to understand I've made,

THE COURT: Well, and so -- and I do want to provide you a bit of guidance, and that's what I'm trying to do.

MR. STRANAHAN: Yes.

THE COURT: So like for Interrogatory Number 4 where it says, "Describe your process for ensuring that assertions concerning plaintiff were factually accurate," you know, your response is, "Defendant used publicly available open source information and made no inaccurate statements." It just needs to be more specific than that. Just saying "publicly available open source information" doesn't -- doesn't tell the plaintiff what -- you know, what that process is or identify -- you know, identify sources and things like that.

It just needs to be -- the answers need to be more specific and just need to contain more facts about -- you know, about what you did.

MR. STRANAHAN: Okay, that -- that does help, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. And -- but, you know, part of the process in getting discovery responses, or in you providing discovery responses, is a meet and confer, you know, when there are -- when the party who propounds discovery thinks that there are deficiencies and tells the responding party that, then it's really both of your obligations to --

you know, to try and hash it out and -- and make sure that, you know, you're providing discovery that the -- that, you know, the plaintiff is requesting.

But also, you know, if you have certain objections that you think are well-founded in the law, then -- I mean, you can certainly stand on those, but you've got to -- you've got to identify what those objections are and then also identify what you actually are responding to and what you're going to produce, okay?

MR. STRANAHAN: Okay. That does help, Your Honor.

I guess I was a little bit confused about that because it -- I hadn't seen that in the other responses, that level of specificity, so -- but we can do that. And again, I think Mr. Graves knows I'm, you know, more than willing to confer with him. And I'm really not trying to slow down the process, and I apologize to the extent I've done so.

THE COURT: All right. Well, what I'll do then is -- and Mr. Graves, I'm going to -- I'm going to grant the motion to compel, and I'll require that Mr. Stranahan provide revised responses within 21 days. And, you know, they need to be -- Mr. Stranahan, they need to be specific and fully respond to the plaintiff's interrogatories and also requests for production.

MR. STRANAHAN: May I ask -- may I ask a question, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STRANAHAN: In terms of that -- and Mr. Graves,
I guess this is a question for you as well. If I provide -there's a 21-day deadline. If I provide responses, let's say,
in a week, Mr. Graves, that you find half of them still
deficient, you would be able to get back to me so I can still
revise them to get up to near or a hundred percent within the
21-day period. Is that -- is that correct?

MR. GRAVES: Your Honor, I'm not --

THE COURT: Mr. Stranahan, I'd suggest that you confer with Mr. Graves, to talk to him in the next few days, so that when you make your -- when you make your production of documents or when you -- when you respond to the interrogatories that it's -- that's your best effort. And there may be further, you know, back and forth after that, but -- but you -- I mean, you want to give a good response the first time around, too, okay?

MR. STRANAHAN: Yeah, yes, Your Honor. Understood.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Graves, is there anything else on the motion to compel that we need to address?

MR. WALKER: FYI, Your Honor, I have been able to return.

THE COURT: Okay. All right, Mr. Walker.

Mr. Graves, is there anything else on the motion to

1 compel?

MR. GRAVES: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. The Speech defendants, it sounds like you-all have worked out at least some of the disagreements?

MR. GRAVES: Some of the disagreements, yes, but the email that we sent to the Court was after the resolution of some agreement, so there's some -- still some open issues there which we can go into with the Court if you're ready.

THE COURT: Okay, sure. Go ahead.

MR. GRAVES: So Mr. Stranahan actually mentioned during his speech there at the end that the level of specificity that Your Honor suggested was not something that he had attained in the other discovery responses, and that's the crux of our potential motion to compel with regard to the Free Speech defendants.

So specifically, one example of that would be a interrogatory where we asked for the process to ensure that any assertions made by them concerning plaintiff were factually accurate. Their response says they rely on years of news gathering, reporting, and broadcasting, but they ever go into any type of description of what any process is, or even if one exists. So that's the -- that's the level of specificity that we were seeking, and there are other issues as well. So specifically, the relevant time frame is another

example. So the Free Speech defendants argue that only documents between August 1, 2017, which was just ten days before the rally, the Unite the Right rally, and March 12 -- between August 1 of 2017 and March 12, 2018, are relevant to this litigation, and, therefore, they refuse to search for our produce documents outside of that time period.

Plaintiff's issue with that is that we are aware of the fact that some of the Infowars defendants have made public statements and postings about the plaintiff after March 12, 2000 -- 2017. I'm sorry, after March 12, 2018.

We also believe that statements made prior to ten days before the rally are relevant because they would show prior similar practices, ill will, various other things that are relevant to the actual malice inquiry, which is part of the plaintiff's burden in this case.

So that's one element of issue, or I guess two issues there. And I'm not sure, Your Honor, if you want me to stop there or if you just want me to run through the full list?

THE COURT: Well, why don't -- why don't we hear from the Free Speech defendant on those items.

MS. SCULLY: Thank you, Your Honor. Elizabeth
Scully speaking on behalf of the Free Speech defendants. I'd
like to start first with the time frame issue.

For the Free Speech defendants in this case, it

concerns two publications. One that was published on August 15, 2017, and a second that was published on August 21, 2017, addressing issues that arose during the Charlottesville protest on August 12, 2017.

The starting of the time frame of August 1, 2017, was, in fact, a time period that was included within the plaintiff's discovery request to us with respect to what is a reasonable period of time. They had used August 1, 2017, and then they were going through present day.

We thought that the -- starting with August 1, 2017, was appropriate. It is two weeks before the protest arose and -- and is before the plaintiffs published their publication. We have represented to the plaintiff's counsel that the defendants never heard of, didn't know, knew nothing of Mr. Gilmore before Mr. Gilmore posted his Tweets about his attendance at the Charlottesville protest and went on to various national media news sources and spoke. And we also indicated we were more than willing to have that as a verified statement from the defendants and not just a representation from the plaintiff's counsel themselves.

But so we -- we don't see how looking for information prior to August 1, 2017, is going to lead to the discovery of relevant evidence with respect to any party's claim or defense when the claim or defense here is dealing with defamation for these two publications that happened on

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those two dates in August and what the parties' relative subjective mindset was at the time of publication.

Which then brings us to what is relevant and when do you cut off the time frame. We believe that it was appropriate to provide the plaintiff with discovery of information post publication, but being mindful of the proportionality requirements within the discovery rules that providing them with any statements that arose, you know, for a seven-month period post publication was a reasonable position and was something that balanced both the issue of is the discovery relevant and is the discovery proportional to the needs of the case.

The plaintiffs, however, are seeking to discover information leading up to today, you know, almost three years from the date of the initial publications at issue. And while we don't dispute that some post publication statements may have some bearing on the state of mind of Alex Jones and Ms. McAdoo at time of publication related to the element of actual malice, the probative value of such evidence significantly diminishes over time and becomes outweighed by the proportionality standards to be applied under the Federal Rules.

And so for those reasons we -- through our meet and confers we have remained on our position that we believe going up to March of 2018 is -- is appropriate and continuing

thereafter post suit is not appropriate in this case. 1 THE COURT: All right. And how -- how did you 2 settle on the March 12, 20 --3 MS. SCULLY: We just used the it's the day before 4 suit. 5 THE COURT: Okay. 6 7 MS. SCULLY: We went up to right until the suit being filed. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Graves, why -- why would 9 statements before August 1, why would those be relevant? 10 Especially if defendants are, you know, willing to provide a 11 statement indicating that they -- you know, that they 12 didn't -- didn't know Mr. Gilmore hadn't made any statements 13 about -- specifically about him before -- before August 2017? 14 MR. GRAVES: Because it's relevant for actual 15 Specifically, and I'll quote from Eramo v. Rolling 16 Stone, which is a case in the Western District of Virginia 17 where the Court declined to grant summary judgement in favor 18 of defendants as to actual malice despite the fact that 19 plaintiff had uncovered circumstantial evidence through 20 discovery. The Court said that, "Although failure to 21 22 adequately investigate, a departure from journalistic standards, or ill will or intent to injure will not singularly 23 provide evidence of actual malice, the court believes that 24

proof of all three is sufficient to create a genuine issue of

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material fact."

What we're looking for with regards to material prior to August 1, 2017, is what their past behavior has been like, specifically when it comes to -- and it may be circumstantial, as *Eramo* has noted. But it would show whether or not they had previously departed from journalistic standards, whether or not they had ill will towards the specific movement, which took place at the Unite the Right rally, meaning the movement to remove confederate statues.

All these different things are -- will be illuminating to get insight into the mindset of the defendants because we may not have -- you know, as this Court knows, you can't read someone's mind if you can't examine what their past behavior or future behavior has been, been like.

Specifically, again, I'll mention the Court and the Fourth Circuit specifically recognizes the Doctrine of Chances. There's a case called Westfield Insurance Company where the Fourth Circuit said that the doctrine posits that the more often an accidental or infrequent incident occurs the more likely it is that a subsequent reoccurrence is not accidental or fortuitous.

So all of these different points go into us being able to, one, prove actual malice. And two, if we get evidence of actual malice, making it admissible at court because I know Ms. Scully will likely object on 404 grounds.

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All these different -- having evidence of what their past conduct was and what their prior statements may have been would help us inform that argument and be able to respond to that potential objection should we get to trial. So that's why it's relevant. THE COURT: All right. MS. SCULLY: Your Honor, may I be heard on that point? Because we're sort of getting into another area of -of disagreement here, but it overlaps on these points that Mr. Graves was just raising. THE COURT: Yeah, let me -- Ms. Scully, before -before you address that, I certainly will let you --MS. SCULLY: Okay. THE COURT: -- Mr. Graves, what's the -- what's the bookend, though? I mean, how far -- how far are you proposing and... MR. GRAVES: So I will have to pull up our letter. I believe that we asked for -- I'm trying to find the specific request. While I'm looking for that, I know I submitted a request to Ms. Scully with what we thought would be the appropriate time frame.

But I guess the bookend on that, we would say through -- the reason why we said through present with regards to stuff going after the event is because we know that the defendants have made comments recently, at least after the

time frame that Ms. Scully identified relating to this rally.

With regards to prior to this, I would say at least a year before the unite the rally -- Unite the Right rally would give insight into this question. I also -- and this was maybe what Ms. Scully was getting at with her last comment. We've also requested discovery relating to prior defamation actions against the Free Speech defendants and Mr. Jones for this same purpose. Again, we need to -- we believe that it will be important to establish absence of mistake should that be raised as a defense at trial. And so having ideas as to the prior defamation cases would provide that insight. Such that similar to that Westfield case that I just cited from the Fourth Circuit, it would show that this behavior is consistent, and, therefore, not accidental.

So it's hard to me to say what that time frame is, but I can say that at least with regards to this specific question of the Unite the Right rally, at least a year before the rally, although we are seeking discovery into prior defamation cases involving the Free Speech defendants.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Ms. Scully, what did you want to say?

MS. SCULLY: Yes, Your Honor. Focusing first on this -- on this issue about circumstantial evidence and the arguments about seeking evidence from other defamation

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actions, Mr. Graves have -- well, the plaintiffs have issued discovery requests asking the defendants to produce all documents from any litigation involving a charge of libel or defamation in which the defendants were named as a defendant during the past ten years.

We have objected to producing those documents for numerous reasons, including relevance. The Fourth Circuit, to be clear, has never ruled that 404(b) allows evidence of prior unrelated acts to prove actual malice in a defamation case. When you're looking at the test for actual malice in a defamation case, you are looking at a test of the objective mindset of the individual at the time of publication.

Case that Mr. Graves is referring to, the Eramo v. Rolling Stones case, we do not believe supports the argument that plaintiff is making. While the Court did say in that case that you could look at circumstantial evidence of a preconceived storyline for the particular story that was at issue, that that might be relevant and provide some information in support of the actual malice position, that is not and is wholly different from what Mr. Graves is trying to do here.

Mr. Graves is looking and asking for the plaintiffs to turn over all documents from any time that the defendants have been charged with defamation or libel in other cases, cases in which the -- Mr. Gilmore is not involved, that don't

involve anything along the storyline of the Charlottesville protest. They are wholly unrelated incidents; totally different stories; totally different parties. So to say that because you were sued previously that means you may have — that could support our actual malice element and proof of actual malice in this case is — is just not supported by the Fourth Circuit case law, and we do object to plaintiffs undergoing into a fishing expedition where we just would be trying cases within cases having to defend ongoing litigations that are going on in other matters that have nothing to do with Mr. Gilmore. So that I just don't see as appropriate under the rules of discovery and the Fourth Circuit case law.

With respect to their searching for information a year before this action that relates to something other than the other defamation actions, actually, at this point I'm a little unclear as to which document requests and interrogatories he is specifically referring to where they are looking to go more than a year before the August 1, 2017, time frame that was included in -- within their actual discovery requests themselves.

So for the reasons I've already stated, however, I don't see how that is -- fits within the scope of relevance under the Federal Rules given the fact that the plaintiffs -- given the fact that the defendants did not know of Mr. Gilmore prior to the rally occurring and the things that Mr. Gilmore

1 published himself.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Graves, anything else you want to say on this issue?

MR. GRAVES: Well, I -- I think maybe it's -- our interpretation of case law is different, as I think everyone would expect, and so maybe this shows that this should be briefed.

But I will say just in short that I think the prior defamation discovery is relevant to the understanding of journalistic standards as well as their experience in news reporting, which they often cite as being the basis for how they were able to rely on certain sources and their knowledge of whether or not they were able to verify these sources as being fair.

So I do think that this may be something that would be best briefed, as it seems like, based on what Ms. Scully has just stated, we have a different view on the case law that exists on this question.

THE COURT: I think so, too. I think that would help me in addressing the issue. So why don't -- as to the time frame of the responses and then also information about -- about other -- other actions for libel, defamation, I think it would be helpful to have some briefing on that.

Mr. Graves, do you think that you could file a brief within -- within seven days or do you think you need a longer

period?

MR. GRAVES: I think -- well, I think seven days may be a little short for us. I would request two weeks just because I think that with Ms. Scully -- or with the Free Speech defendants. I keep saying Ms. Scully. With the Free Speech defendants we don't have the same procedural issues that we do with Mr. Walker and Mr. Stranahan. These are a lot more complex and substantive, so I think two weeks would be appropriate for us to fully brief all the issues, assuming that you would like all the issues to be resolved via motion.

THE COURT: Ms. -- all right. I think we'll just do the normal briefing schedule then of 14 days to file a motion, Ms. Scully 14 days to respond, and then a seven-day period for a reply. And if you all would like a further hearing, just contact Ms. Dotson and let her know. Otherwise -- otherwise I'll address motion on the papers.

I know there were a couple other topics, Mr. Graves, that you've identified. Do you want to go over those today or -- to see if we can try and resolve them, or do you think that they are similarly going to -- going to require briefing?

MR. GRAVES: I think they are similarly going to require briefing --

THE COURT: All right.

THE COURT: -- unless Ms. Scully disagrees.

MS. SCULLY: I'm fine with dealing with briefing at

Gilmore v. Jones, et al. - 3:18CV00017 this point. 1 THE COURT: Okay. Well, let's just -- let's just do 2 3 that. I do think -- I do think these issues would require it, 4 so... All right. 5 MS. SCULLY: May I ask -- sorry. Go ahead, Your 6 7 Honor. THE COURT: No, I was just going to bring us to 8 conclusion. So Ms. Scully, what else? 9 MS. SCULLY: I do have a question, Your Honor. 10

Yes, so we have been engaged in a meet-and-confer process with the plaintiff's counsel with respect to plaintiff's discovery responses. That process has not yet concluded. That's why we have not asked that it be substantively addressed on this call. But I would like to clarify your preferred process as we move forward in anticipation that there are some issues, just given our conversations to date, that I think we may -- we may just be at a loggerhead with respect to the plaintiff's view on the law and the defendants' interpretation of the law on these points.

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So when those -- when we think we have thoroughly exhausted that meet-and-confer process, is your preference that we do first reach out to -- to Your Honor to ask for a conference call. Or if both parties agree that it's something

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that needs to be briefed, do you prefer to just have us submit 1 the motion to compel? I just would like to act consistently 2 3 with your preferred process on this. THE COURT: Yeah, I would like you-all to reach out 4 through Ms. -- through Ms. Dotson --5 MS. SCULLY: Okay. 6 7 THE COURT: -- to set up a conference call and we'll see if we can resolve --8 MS. SCULLY: Sure. 9 THE COURT: -- some of the issues. I think 10 that's -- I think that's the way to go. 11 MS. SCULLY: Okay. Well, I appreciate that, and we 12 will do that after that process plays out. 13 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Mr. Graves, is there 14 anything else that you think we need to address? 15 The only thing -- I guess I 16 MR. GRAVES: No. mentioned this earlier -- would be timing. It seems like with 17 21 days for Mr. Stranahan to respond, similarly for 18 Mr. Walker, that our August 1 discovery deadline is untenable. 19 So I would request with the Court that all parties be 20 permitted to meet and confer regarding scheduling and then 21 22 we'll provide the Court with a new schedule. MS. SCULLY: And had -- I'm sorry, but Anwar -- this 23 is Elizabeth. I thought we had already previously submitted a 24 25 request to extend that when the trial date was moved, did we

not, or am I not remembering that information correctly? 1 MR. GRAVES: No order has been issued by the Court, 2 3 I don't believe. MS. SCULLY: Hasn't been issued, you're correct. 4 MR. GRAVES: And so I know that -- so but the order 5 that I have in front of me has deadline to complete fact 6 7 discovery on August 31. Nevertheless, I think with it being 21 days from now for --8 MS. SCULLY: Yes. 9 MR. GRAVES: -- production of certain materials, 10 that regardless what the deadline is probably now needs to be 11 re-contemplated. So with permission of the Court, I would 12 request that the parties confer to figure out some new 13 dates. 14 MS. SCULLY: And I would agree with that request, 15 Anwar, on behalf of my clients. 16 MR. WALKER: And I would agree as well. 17 MR. STRANAHAN: This is Mr. Stranahan. I agree as 18 well. 19 THE COURT: Okay. I think that makes sense for 20 you-all to confer, and I'm certainly happy to consider 21 22 whatever -- whatever you-all can agree to and propose, all 23 right? MS. SCULLY: Thank you, Your Honor. 24

THE COURT: Okay. Well, thank you-all. Mr. Walker,

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anything else from you? 1 MR. WALKER: No. No, Your Honor. I was just saying 2 that I agreed with that. 3 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Stranahan, anything 4 else? 5 MR. STRANAHAN: No, Your Honor. I should talk to 6 7 Ms. Dotson about today a conference with you. THE COURT: Okay, and I -- I'll tell you that I 8 can't do just an ex parte conference with you about your 9 counsel situation, so I want you to understand that. 10 MR. STRANAHAN: Yes. That's why I was asking, Your 11 Honor. If you can't do that, understood. Thank you. 12 THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, if there's something that 13 you want me to consider, you're always welcome to, you know, 14 put it in a motion, and, you know, we can take it up in a 15 16 hearing if that's warranted, okay? MR. STRANAHAN: Okay. And that motion could be just 17 an affidavit, Your Honor? 18 THE COURT: Well, you have to -- you would have to 19 ask for some relief in the motion. You know, tell me what 20 you're asking for and what you want if there's some -- you 21 22 know, if there's --MR. STRANAHAN: Okay, understood. 23 THE COURT: -- something that you want to submit you 24 25 can always put that in an affidavit if you want.

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MR. STRANAHAN: Okay, very good. Thank you, Your
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      Honor.
                 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Well, thank you-all
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      for calling in, and take care.
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                 (The proceedings concluded at 2:11 p.m.)
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                                 CERTIFICATE
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                 I, Mary J. Butenschoen, do hereby certify that the
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      foregoing is a correct transcript of the teleconference
      recording in the above-entitled matter.
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                      Mary J. Butenschoen, Transcriber
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